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Fire Risk Assessment

Conducted at

Wilton Cemetery



Suggested date for review:

November 2025 - or if there are any significant changes, whichever is soonest.

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Address of premises: 87 Shaftesbury Road, Wilton SP2 0DU

Responsible person (e.g. employer) or person having control of the premises:

Clare Churchill

Assessor: Billy Fee

Reviewed by: Yan Spink-Herman

Date of fire risk assessment: 27/11/2024

Site representative (*):	Date:	Signature:

(*) For responsible person to sign upon receipt of this risk assessment to validate it.

The purpose of this report is to provide an assessment of the risk to life from fire in these premises, and, where appropriate, to make recommendations to ensure compliance with fire safety legislation. Assessment of the fire risks of external walls and any cladding are excluded from the scope of this fire risk assessment.

The report does not address the risk to property from fire.

This fire risk assessment should be reviewed by a competent person by the date indicated above or at such earlier time as there is reason to suspect that it is no longer valid, or if there has been a significant change in the matters to which it relates, or if a fire occurs.



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Introduction

We recently visited your premises at 87 Shaftesbury Road, Wilton SP2 0DU, to carry out a Fire Risk Assessment in line with PAS 79-1:2020 guidance and methodology.

The aim of this survey is to assess the risk to life from fire in these premises, and, where appropriate, to make recommendations to ensure compliance with fire safety legislation.

All the recommendations that are made in your report are aiming to account the specific requirements of the site, what is reasonably and practicable with consideration of manpower and budgeting. This fire risk assessment is only effective if you and your staff act on it. Therefore, in order to achieve compliance, the action recommended in this assessment must be undertaken.

As a result of the assessment of fire risk carried out at Wilton Cemetery, Bison Assist recommends a risk assessment review to be carried out in November 2025 - or if there are any significant changes, whichever is soonest..

Limitation

The assessment of risk was carried out only on parts of the building which were made available on the day.

We will not include in our report any parts of the building which were not made available to our team. Please note that exclusion of such parts does not indicate their absence. While we make every endeavour to ascertain the correct information regarding the site layout and systems, our consultant must rely on staff knowledge and any available relevant documentation. Lack of such knowledge or information may lead to assumptions on the part of the consultant.

Assessment of the fire risks of external walls and any cladding are excluded from the scope of this fire risk assessment.

Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the content of this document, Bison Assist Ltd will accept no responsibility for any omissions.

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About Your Risk Assessor

Your Fire risk assessor was Billy Fee. He holds all the appropriate competencies and experience to undertake the assessment of risk on behalf of Clare Churchill, who is the appointed responsible person in your organisation.

Bison Assist's risk assessors are regularly shadowed on the job. Their work will also be monitored, and their competencies regularly assessed. Find out more about your risk assessor's competencies and experience by emailing support@bisonassist.co.uk.

As your trusted partner in safety, here are some of the accreditations held by Bison Assist:











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Risk Assessment Goals

Goal 1 - Risk Assessment: About Your Report

A risk assessment is typically the starting point on your journey to improved Fire Safety, this should contribute to a more comprehensive plan for the effective management and control of a potential fire within your premises.

Here is how we completed your risk assessment:

- · Through visual inspection
- · Observation of existing policies, procedures, records, and other relevant documentation
- By gathering knowledge from members of your team, whilst we were on site.

Goal 2 - Action Plan: Next Steps

Within the report, you will find an Action Plan section. It is vital that this is understood and implemented. Some of these actions may be achieved in house, by your responsible person or a member of your team, others will need to be carried out by specialists with the relevant qualifications, skills and competence. On receipt of this document, should you have any queries or would like any further assistance or advice, please do not hesitate to contact our Support team at support@bisonassist.co.uk.

Please remember, the risk assessment is the beginning of the journey, not the end.

As a precautionary measure, it may be appropriate to invite the fire and rescue service to familiarise themselves with layouts and fire systems. The responsible person should consult with the local enforcing authority when planning and determining an appropriate and effective evacuation strategy for their premises.

The Health and Safety Executive warns: "A risk assessment is only effective if you and your staff act on it. You must follow through with any actions required and review it on a regular basis".

Goal 3 - Review: Legal Requirements

Risk management should always remain effective. Some risks that are "very low" today, may increase over time, therefore it is important that reviews are carried our annually

The assessment should be reviewed regularly and, specifically when there is a reason to suspect that it is no longer valid. An indication of when to review the assessment and what needs to be reviewed should be recorded. This may result from, for example:



- A fire.
- A change in legislation.
- Alterations to the building, including internal layout.
- Significant change to furniture and fittings.
- A change in use of premises.
- The introduction or increase of hazardous substances.
- The availability of new technology or information about risks or control measures.
- The results of checks indicating that control measures are no longer effective.
- Change of key personnel or the introduction of people with disabilities.
- A recommendation from the Fire Authority
- Upon receipt of an enforcement or prohibition notice or prosecution for a fire related issue;

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Legislation

It is a legal requirement for every employer to conduct an assessment of the health and safety risks, arising out of their work activity. Under Regulation 3 of the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999, the purpose of such assessment is to identify what needs to be done in order to control health and safety risks. Further applicable legislation to Fire Safety has been listed in table 1.0 – Applicable Legislation, below

Legislation applicable to Premises:	Duties Imposed by the Legislation:
Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety Order) 2005	Appoint one responsible person to undertake any required preventative and protective control measures
The Management of Health and Safety Regulations 1999	 Provide all staff with clear and relevant information on the identified fire risks and measures taken in order to prevent fires
Equality Act 2010	Conduct a fire risk assessment of the premises
BS 9999:2017 – Code of Practice for the fire safety in the design, use and management of buildings	Identify the fire safety measures necessary as a result of the fire risk assessment
BS 5266 – Emergency lighting	Implement the fire safety measures contained within the assessment using risk reduction principles
BS 5306 – Fire extinguishing installations and equipment on premises	Implement fire safety arrangements for the continuing control and review of the measures
BS 5839 – Fire detection and alarm systems for buildings	Comply with the specific requirements of the current fire safety regulations
BS 7671:2018 – Requirements for electrical installations	Keep the assessment current through regular review



•	BS 5499 - Safety signs and symbols	•	Keep written records of the findings and actions taken
•	HM Government guidance on Fire Risk Assessment	•	Inform non-employees, such as temporary staff or contractors of the relevant risks to them and relevant fire safety procedures



1.0 General Information

1.1 Premises overview	
Number of floors:	2
Brief details of construction:	Gated building leading to the local burial grounds. Constructed of brick and mortar, this gate house has 4 rooms.
Main use of premises:	Burial Grounds

1.2 The Occupants/ People		
Approximate maximum number of visitors/ occupants/ others:	50+	
Approximate number of employees at any one time:	1-5	
Persons involved or affected:	Employees, Visitors, Contractors, Members of the public, Others	

1.3 The Occupants/ People especially at risk from fire		
No		
Yes		
Yes		

1.4 Fire l	oss Experience
Has a recorded fire loss been experienced on the premises?	No

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2.0 Management of Fire Safety

2.0 Managen	nent of Fire Safety
Has a responsible person been appointed, to manage the fire safety on site?	Yes
Risk	Very Low
Has a competent person(s) been appointed to assist the responsible person in undertaking preventative and protective measures?	Unknown

The responsible person must nominate a sufficient number of competent persons to assist in the effective implementation of fire safety measures and protocols. Any nominated competent persons must be offered sufficient training and have experience or knowledge and other qualities to enable them in the implementation of effective fire prevention measures.

Risk	Low
Are there suitable arrangements for ensuring that	No
the premises have been evacuated in the event of	
an emergency?	

The responsible person should ensure everybody on site is accounted for during the evacuation. This should be carried out as soon as possible at the designated assembly point(s). The site should not depend upon the fire and rescue service to evacuate people; the evacuation strategy must be dependent only on factors which are within the site's control.

Risk	Medium
Are potential fire hazards, fire safety procedures and/or protocols clearly communicated to outside contractors?	No

The responsible person must give clear and relevant information and appropriate instructions to contractors about how to prevent fires and what they should do in the event of a fire. The responsible person should ensure that all contractors are told about the emergency plan and are shown the escape routes.

Risk	Medium
Is there mains gas supplied to the premises?	No

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Is there a permit to work system in place, for employees and outside contractors which include hot works?

Not Applicable

Risk Very Low



3.0 Visual Inspection & Assessment of Risk

outside the premises that all personnel can reach

safely, and remain safe?

Risk

2.4 Identification a	f Fire Haranda and Cantuals
	f Fire Hazards and Controls
List possible sources of ignition:	Arson, Smoking, Lightning, Lighting both portable and fixed
Ignition control measures:	Close-down procedures
List possible fuel sources:	Cleaning products, Waste litter
Fuel control measures:	Close-down procedures
List possible oxygen sources:	Natural Ventilation
Oxygen control measures:	Windows/ Doors closed
Is there adequate access for Fire Fighters approaching on foot?	Yes
Risk	Very Low
3.2	Fire Safety
Is external signage provided to warn attending Fire & Rescue Personnel of hazardous storage?	No hazardous storage on site
Risk	Very Low
Risk	Very Low

Very Low

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3.3 Fire Warning & Alarm Systems Are fire alarm systems installed? Not required.

In line with Fire Safety Order (2005), the responsible person must ensure that suitable fire detectors and alarm systems are installed on the premises. In accordance with PAS 79-1:2020 guidelines, an independent engineering evaluation should be completed in order to determine the type of fire alarm system suitable for the premises.

Risk	Very Low
Recommended type of fire alarm systems:	L3

3.4 Electrical Safety Has Portable Appliance Testing been carried out? No

The Electricity at Work Regulations 1989 require that any electrical equipment that has the potential to cause injury is maintained in a safe condition. For guidance on suggested frequencies of inspection and testing, see: HSG107: 2013 - Maintaining portable and transportable electrical equipment.

Risk	Low
Is the use of extension cables and multi-adaptors appropriate and managed safely?	None present

Risk	Very Low
Have any other electrical hazards been observed?	No

Risk	Very Low
Have portable heaters been observed on site?	Yes

RISC Authority – Portable heaters are more likely to cause fires than fixed heating systems, usually by being placed too close to combustible materials. The continued use of such heaters should therefore be discouraged and in some cases may need to be agreed with the insurance provider. Where their use is unavoidable, portable heaters have to be carefully managed to address potential problems.

from ignition sources?



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Risk		Medium	
Has the use of higher risk heaters such as radiant bar fires or log appliances been observed?	No		
Risk		Very Low	
3.5 Fire Pre	evention – General	_	
Have suitable arrangements for those who wish to smoke been made available?	Yes		
Risk		Very Low	
	Yes	very Low	
At the time of inspection, were the smoking arrangements being adhered to?	165		
Risk		Very Low	
Do security systems against arson by outsiders appear suitable?	Yes		
Risk		Very Low	
Are unnecessary fuel sources stored in close proximity to the premises or available for ignition by outsiders?	No		
			_
Risk		Very Low	
Do combustible materials appear to be separated	Yes		

Risk

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Risk	Very Low
Are hazardous and/or combustible materials appropriately stored on site?	Yes
Risk	Very Low
Is the upholstery of the foam furniture in good condition?	No foam furniture
Risk	Very Low
During the assessment was any building work being carried out?	No
Have significant dangerous substances that could impact on general fire precautions been observed?	No
Risk	Very Low
Are the general fire precautions observed, adequate to address the hazards associated with dangerous substances used or stored within the premises?	No hazardous substances

3.6 Cooking	
Is cooking carried out on a commercial basis?	No

Very Low



3.7 Means of Escape & Fire Doors	
Not practicable due to building location	
Very Low	
Yes	
Yes	
Vomitani	
Very Low	
Yes	

Risk	Very Low
Is there a sufficient number of fire doors on site to protect fire escape routes?	No fire doors

In line with FSRA, sufficient and effective fire-resisting doors are necessary to ensure that everybody can be evacuated to a place of safety. Correctly specified and well-fitted doors will hold back fire and smoke, preventing escape routes becoming unusable, as well as preventing fire spreading from one area to another.

Risk	Very Low
Location(s) of where (additional) fire doors are required:	None required.
Can all travel distances for escape be deemed as acceptable?	Yes

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Risk	Very Low
Are all escape routes free from obstruction and not used for storage?	No

All escape routes – protected corridors, lobbies, stairways must be kept clear of storage and obstructions. Escape routes must be checked to ensure they are clear from obstructions and combustible materials on a daily basis.

Specific detail(s):	Egress from the groundsman's area through to the toilet would be impeded by obstructions present at the time of assessment.
Risk	High
Have reasonable arrangements for means of escape for disabled people been observed?	No

The responsible person and other supporting members of staff should be aware that disabled people may not be able to react, or may react differently, in the event of a fire emergency. The responsible person should also consider others with special requirements such as parents with young children or the elderly. A Personal Fire Evacuation Plan should be drawn up for every disabled person using the premises. Regular building users who are disabled should receive a copy of a Personal Fire Evacuation Plan. People with serious mobility difficulties should be seen as close to a final exit door as possible. Enough escape routes should always be available for use by disabled people. This does not mean that every exit will need to be adapted. Staff should be aware of routes suitable for disabled people so that they can direct and help people accordingly. Further guidance on removing barriers to the everyday needs of disabled people can be found in BS 8300.

Risk	Medium

3.8 Fire Spread	
Is compartmentation of a reasonable standard? (based on visual inspection of accessible areas)	No

All structural fire protection and elements of fire compartmentation should be inspected annually, and any remedial action carried out. Compartment walls, ceilings and floors form a complete barrier between fire compartments and are required to provide a minimum degree of fire resistance. Breaches in fire compartment walls, floors and ceilings must be repaired with fire resistant composite, such as firestop/ seal.

Specific detail(s):	No Compartmentation required however the walls, and
	floor should be of sound construction. A large hole was
	found in the wall in the toilets and the flooring did not

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	meet the threshold of the door, fully creating a gap of approximately 15mm near the door.
Risk	Very Low
Are there reasonable linings that may prevent the spread of fire (based on visual inspection of accessible areas)?	No

Unsatisfactory linings can promote the spread and development of fire. Consideration should be given to the adequacy of fire stopping and the flammability of linings.

Risk	Very Low
Has a reasonable standard of emergency escape lighting been provided?	No

The emergency escape lighting is necessary to illuminate escape routes and other safety equipment in order to support with any potential fire emergency and/ or fire safety drills. The emergency escape lighting should meet the BS 5266 standards.

Risk	Medium

3.9 Fire Safety Signs & Notices	
Do existing Fire Safety signs and notices comply with the relevant legislation?	No signage present

All signs and notices will need illumination to ensure they are conspicuous and legible. There are a number of options available to achieve this, such as: external illumination and internal illumination. Signs or notices of the photo-luminescent type need a period of exposure to light before they become visible in darkness.

Ensure existing signs and notices comply with the relevant legislation and approved code of practice (i.e. Safety Signs and Signals Regulations 1996). All signs and notices should be positioned so that they can be easily seen and understood.

Risk	Medium
Is (additional) Fire Safety Signage required?	No

3.10 Fire Fighting Equipment

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Is there adequate provision of portable fire extinguishers?

No FFE equipment present

Fire extinguishers should be positioned on all escape routes, close to the exit from the building.

Risk	High
Type of fire extinguishers recommended:	Water Mist
Recommended location(s):	In the groundsman's store room.
Are hose reels provided?	No
Are sprinkler systems installed?	No

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4.0 Records

4.0 Records	
Is there an up to date fire log book available for	No
inspection by a visiting enforcing authority?	

The fire safety log book and maintenance record should be kept up to date and remain on the premises at all times. The register will assist in proving compliance with the legal responsibilities in relation to fire safety and should be completed following the inspection, test and maintenance of any of the items required by the legislation.

Risk	Low
Has an effective Fire Safety Policy been observed?	No

Any organisation should have a fire safety policy that is flexible enough to allow modification. It should be recognised that fire safety operates at all levels within an organisation and therefore those responsible for fire safety should be able to develop, where necessary, a local action plan for their premises. Quality of records may be regarded as a good indicator of the overall quality of the safety management structure.

Risk	Low
Is there a suitable fire safety and evacuation plan, available to use in the event of an emergency?	No

A fire safety and evacuation plan should be completed by a competent person considering any high risks identified on site. The complexity of the plan will be determined by the size of the site and existing hazards.

This should also take into account the findings within this risk assessment.

Risk	Medium
Are there adequate procedures in place to assist persons with disabilities to evacuate the premises in the event of a fire?	No

Safe means of evacuation must be provided for disabled people accessing the site. This should also apply for members of staff. Staff with responsibilities, such as Fire Wardens, must be aware of routes and procedures suitable for disabled people so they can be evacuated safely. These procedures and evacuation arrangements should be documented and reviewed regularly.

Risk	Medium
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Do records show that an appropriate number of staff have been trained to act as fire wardens?

Staff with special responsibilities such as fire wardens are expected to undertake more comprehensive training that could include but not be limited to: detailed knowledge of the fire strategy of the premises, awareness of human behaviour in fires, how to encourage others to use the most appropriate escape route, specific evacuation measures for disabled people, use of firefighting equipment.

No

Risk	Medium
Has training been provided for nominated members of staff in relation to usage of fire extinguishers?	No

People with no training should not be expected to attempt to extinguish a fire. However, all staff should be familiar with the location and basic operation procedures for the equipment provided, in case they need to use it. If the site's fire strategy indicates that certain people, e.g. fire marshals, will be expected to take a more active role, then they should be provided with more comprehensive training.

Risk	Low
Do records show that staff receive Fire Safety Refresher Training?	No

Fire Safety (Order) 2005 – Fire safety training should be repeated periodically by all staff members.

Refresher Fire Safety training should take into account factors such as: introduction of new technology/ work equipment, introduction of new system of work, changes of risks to safety of staff etc. Refresher training should include suitable and sufficient instruction and information on the appropriate precautions and actions to be taken by the employee in order to safeguard themselves and others.

Risk	Very Low
Do records show that fire drills are carried out at appropriate intervals?	No

FSRA – The best way to evaluate the site emergency plan is to start performing Fire Drills. These should be carried out at least annually. If the site has a high staff turnover, Fire Drills should be carried out more often.

A well-planned and executed fire drill will confirm understanding of the training and provide helpful information for future training. Consideration should be given to conduct fire drills at night, to cover for emergencies that may occur during winter or night time when daylight hours are minimal.

Risk	Medium
Do records demonstrate that fixed wire testing has been carried out within the last 5 years?	Yes



Risk	Very Low
Do records show that fixed heating installations, gas appliances and/ or boilers are regularly maintained by competent contractors?	Not applicable
Risk	Very Low
Do records show that a specific risk assessment has been carried out as required by the COSHH regulations?	Not applicable
Risk	Very Low
Do records show that a specific risk assessment has been carried out as required by the DSEAR regulations?	Not Applicable
Risk	Very Low

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Additional Information Observations: This period building operates sporadically with no employees on site. The groundsman's store room contains no sources of ignition but contains flammable materials. The exit from this room is through the toilet area making it an inner room. There are 4 rooms on site, all of which have a single door to enter or exit. The rooms are small and have no requirement for compartmentation, fire doors or sophisticated fire alarm systems. This building is held to the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 and further guidance was obtained from HM Governments 'small and medium places of assembly' document. Matters of Evident Concern: All routes of egress should be unobstructed as per Article 14(2)(b) of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005. The use of portable heaters should be discouraged.



5.0 Risk Rating

Risk Level Please follow target dates if not advised otherwise

Very Low Risk

No remedial action required at the time of the Risk Assessment.

Very low likelihood of a fire to start. There are no actions required, however processes and protocols should be monitored in other to ensure no increase in the risk level.

Low Risk

Recommended actions to be completed within **6 to 12 MONTHS.**

Usually low likelihood of a fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.

Recommended actions are completed within 6 to 12 months. These are usually actions which represent or suggest minor improvements to existing procedures or conditions in line with best practice guidance

Medium Risk

Recommended actions to be completed within **3 MONTHS.**

Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of premises, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than mirror shortcomings). Recommended actions are completed within 3 months. These are usually actions that represent a medium level of risk to existing procedures or conditions which if ignored could escalate to high risk, therefore should be targeted.

High Risk

Recommended actions to be completed **IMMEDIATELY.**

Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire.

Recommended actions are completed as soon as reasonably practicable. These actions are classed as URGENT and IMPORTANT actions and directly relate to loss of control and exposure to unacceptable levels of risk.

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6.0 Action Plan

The remedial actions table highlights the issues identified during the assessment of Fire risk. It is highly recommended the actions priority is followed.

Once the actions have been completed, these are required to be confirmed through signature by the designated responsible person. Completion of actions will lower the Fire risk.

Action:	Priority:	Completion date:	Completed by:
Nominate a sufficient			
number of competent			
persons to assist in the	Low		
effective implementation			
of fire safety measures			
and protocols.			
Ensure everybody on site			
is accounted for during	Medium		
the evacuation.			
Offer clear and relevant			
information and			
appropriate instructions			
to contractors about how			
to prevent fires and what			
they should do in the	Madi		
event of a fire.	Medium		
Ensure all contractors			
are informed about the			
emergency plan and are			
shown the escape			
routes.			



Keep all escape routes clear of storage and obstructions. Check escape routes daily.	High	
Ensure Personal Fire Evacuation Plan is drawn up for every disabled person using the premises.	Medium	



An independent survey		
should be carried out to		
ensure the emergency	Medium	
escape lighting meets the		
BS 5266 standards.		
Ensure existing signs and		
notices comply with the		
relevant legislation and		
approved code of		
practice.		
F. 3.2	Medium	
Place all signs and notices		
in visible places so that		
they can be easily seen		
and understood.		
Fire extinguishers should		
be positioned on all	High	
be positioned on all		



escape routes, close to the exit from the building.		
Keep the fire safety log book and maintenance record up to date and on the premises at all times.	Low	
Ensure the organisation's fire safety policy is flexible enough to allow development and/or improvement.	Low	
Ensure a fire safety and evacuation plan is completed by a competent person.	Medium	
Ensure safe means of evacuation are provided for all disabled users accessing the site, including staff members.	Medium	
Ensure appropriate number of staff have been trained to act as fire wardens.	Medium	
All staff expected to use fire extinguishers should be provided with adequate training.	Low	
Provide refresher Fire Safety training for all staff members.	Low	

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We're here to support, you, your team and your business with Fire compliance. If there is anything within the action plan you need further guidance on, please do not hesitate to reach out to a member of Bison by either calling 01133 204111 or emailing us at support@bisonassist.co.uk.



Appendix - Photos

Please find below pictures taken on the day of the assessment:







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